Jesu, Juva

Houghton COLLEGE

GREATBATCH SCHOOL OF MUSIC

presents

Jeffrey Zane Hansen
Composition
in
Senior Recital

Assisted by
The Holy Spirit
The Hyggelig String Quartet
The Uudslukkelige Brass Quintet
The Saxsquatches
Alana Cross – Piano
Hannah Hawes – Piano
Houghton College Composers' Choir

Wesley Chapel Center for the Arts Wednesday, April 4th, 2018 6:30 p.m.

Program

Prelude on 'Beach Spring'

Jeffrey Zane Hansen (1996-2017)

Jeffrey Zane Hansen - Organ

Canons of Organal Catechesis

Jeffrey Zane Hansen

I: Stydian Crab Canon

(1996-20??)

III: Banian Crab Canon at the Fifth IV: Aerororian Inversion Canon

V: Dolian Inverted Mensuration Canon

Finale: The Simple Canon

Jeffrey Zane Hansen - Organ

String Quartet 1

Jeffrey Zane Hansen

III: Allegro Vivace, Sempre Pizzicatto

(1996-2014)

Madelyn Kruth, Tamadea Charissa Maleachi – Violins, Kira Browning – Viola, Daniel Zambrano – Cello

Fugue 8

Jeffrey Zane Hansen (1996-2016)

Dakota Hirsch, Erik Bernardin – Trumpets, Nathaniel Parks – Trombone, Sam Eichel – Tuba, Jeffrey Zane Hansen – Horn

Mixolythian Quartet

Jeffrey Zane Hansen (1996-2016)

The Saxsquatches; Dillon Hirsch, Derek Chase, David Dytschkowskyj, Hannah Lindo

Chacconne for Horn and Piano

Jeffrey Zane Hansen (1996-2017)

Alana Cross – Piano Jeffrey Zane Hansen – Horn

Who Has Seen The Wind

Jeffrey Zane Hansen (1996-2018)

Houghton College Composers' Choir Hannah Hawes – Piano

Go In Peace To Love and Serve the LORD Jeffrey Zane Hansen (1996-2018)

Houghton College Composers' Choir

Program Notes

Prelude on 'Beach Spring' is an original organ prelude based off of a tune first attested in *The Sacred Harp* book, which is from the shape-note singing tradition conveniently called The Sacred Harp. The tune is frequently attributed to one of the publishers of *The Sacred Harp*, Benjamin Franklin White, and may be named after Beech Spring Baptist Church in Pine Mountain, Georgia, but the definitive origin of the tune is unknown. In composing this prelude, Hansen utilizes the open sonorities of shape note-singing music above a repetitive ostinato, which functions so as to ground the composition as a whole.

Canons of Organal Catechesis is a set of canons for organ that are intended for pedagogical use. They were written by the composer specifically for his own edification and instruction on the organ. Initially, Hansen only intended to compose one canon, but after the Stydian Crab Canon was composed, the project naturally evolved into a larger set. Each movement written in a non-traditional seven-note mode, with names assigned to them by the music theorist William Zeitler.² There are several different types of canon which might be unfamiliar to some listeners. A crab canon is a canon in which one voice goes forward while the other voice plays the same music backwards. An inversion canon is a canon in which one voice plays the music of the other voice upside down. A mensuration canon is a canon where the voices are making the same music but at different speeds.

The subtitle of the third movement of Hansen's first string quartet is "Allegro Vivace, Sempre Pizzicato," fittingly, considering the movement is rather lively and is performed completely pizzicato. It

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¹ Eskew, Harry. BEACH SPRING: A Popular Sacred Harp Tune. (accessed March 23, 2018) http://singwithunderstanding.com/wp-content/uploads/2014/07/BeachSpringdocxRev.pdf

² Zeitler, William. *All The Scales*. (accessed March 23, 2018) http://www.allthescales.org/7note.html

is mainly written in two contrasting pentatonic scales, loosely based off of Japanese Koto scales, that gradually synthesize together to form an extended musical scale. At the end of the movement, the cello makes a chromatic line signaling a final expansion to contain all the notes of the western chromatic scale.

During the Summer of 2016, Hansen embarked on a project to write a composition of at least a few minutes length every week. One such composition was **Fugue 8**. A fugue is a contrapuntal form where all the different voices state a theme in quick succession, frequently at differing pitch levels, as if they were all chasing each other. In this fugue, "the chase" starts off with the tuba, which is then followed by the trombone, and eventually the horn. The trumpets are the final voices to enter in the fugue. Fugue 8 also alludes to other styles and forms, like the fanfares frequently associated with brass instruments. This fugue, which starts off as a rather quick and lighthearted affair, transforms over time and takes on a more reverent tone by the end of the composition, reflecting Hansen's love of hymnody.

The Mixolythian Quartet is another composition that was written during the summer of 2016, and utilizes the mixolythian scale, yet another scale named by Zeitler. Hansen initially derived this scale from an unusually beautiful descending passage from another composition. Taking that descending figure from his earlier composition, Hansen used it as the basis for this composition. The tenor saxophone introduces the piece with a simple iteration of the mixolythian leading into a rather slow, lethargic introduction which quickly gives way to the main body of the piece, which is lively and rhythmic. This contrasting section has intricate interlocking rhythms and additionally bears a slight resemblance to dubstep.

Chacconne for Piano and Horn is a perfectly palindromic composition based off a simple phrygian scale. Overall, the composition focuses on the balance between opposite but complementary ideas, like the processes of ascent and descent,

which are both present throughout the duration of the composition. Its meditative form and character are meant to mirror the process of prayer. Because God has objective qualities, but everybody has a subjective relationship with God, the pitch content and rhythms are objectively set by the composer, but the subjective expression of things like articulations, dynamics, and tempo are all largely left up to the performers. One of Hansen's most recent pieces, it synthesizes numerous ideas previously found in his work including mathematics, medieval music, and holy minimalism in order to create something new.

Christina Rossetti (1830 – 1894) was an English Victorian poet who is well known for her religious poetry, as well as her poetry oriented towards children.³ Hansen's setting of her poem, "**Who Has Seen the Wind?**" was initially written for the A.D. Oliver Middle School Choir. The sixteenth note runs in the piano and chords borrowed from the phrygian mode paint the image of a blistering cold wind. Like Rossetti's poetry, the setting of this music is intended to be sophisticated and beautiful, but at the same time readily accessible and appealing to humans of all ages.

English Orthography;

Who has seen the wind?
Neither I nor you.
But when the leaves hang trembling,
The wind is passing through.

Who has seen the wind?
Neither you nor I.
But when the trees bow down their heads,
The wind is passing by.

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³ Academy of American Poets. *Christina Rossetti*. (accessed March 23, 2018) https://www.poets.org/poetsorg/poet/christina-rossetti

ingli[fənɛtiks

hu hæz sin ðə wɪnd najðə aj nɔɹ ju bət wɛn ðə livs hejŋ tıɛmblɪŋ ðə wɪnd iz pasɪŋ θɹu

hu hæz sin ðə wɪnd niðə ju nəɹ aj bət wɛn ðə tɪis baw dawn ðɛə hɛdz ðə wɪnd iz pasɪŋ baj

"Go in Peace to Love and Serve the LORD" are common parting words amongst English speaking Christians. The fairly simple setting of those words presented tonight takes the form of a three part canon, symbolic of the Trinity. It is loosely inspired by Palestrina's own canon *Donna Nobis Pacem*, but takes on a character of its own.

English Orthography;

Go in Peace to Love and Serve the LORD

ingli[fənɛtiks

go ın pis tu ləv ænd s3-v ðə lo.d

Thanks be to the Triune God; Father, Son, and Holy Ghost!

We would like to thank the Houghton College administration for its faithful support of the Greatbatch School of Music.

Shirley A. Mullen, President
Jack Connell, Provost and Dean of the Faculty
Dale Wright, Chief Financial Officer
Greatbatch School of Music Faculty, Staff, and Administration

Jeffrey Zane Hansen, a student of Dr. Carrie Magin, is performing this recital in partial fulfillment of the requirements for the Bachelor of Music degree in Music Composition.

As a courtesy to the performers, your fellow audience members, and the communion of the saints, please be certain that all cell phones, watch alarms, and pagers are either turned off or set for silent operation. Flash photography can be very disconcerting to performers and is not permitted during the performance. Some even say that the use of flash photography during a concert is a mortal sin. Those who transgress this commandment shall be required to do penance by playing Bassoon. It is however acceptable to use other forms of photography that do not utilize the flash. Thank you for your cooperation.

Soli Deo Gloria!