

Construction and Characterization of a Farnsworth-Hirsch Fusor

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Why Fusion?







Photo Credit: LLNL and Robert Mumgaard

D-D Fusion



${}_{1}^{2}H + {}_{1}^{2}H \rightarrow {}_{2}^{3}He + {}_{0}^{1}n + 3.27MeV$



${}_{1}^{2}H + {}_{1}^{2}H \rightarrow {}_{1}^{3}H + {}_{1}^{1}H + 4.03MeV$



D(d,n) Cross Section





P.T. Farnsworth







R.L. Hirsch



Diagram Credit: [8]Hirsch

Farnsworth Fusor





Farnsworth Fusor





Farnsworth Fusor





Electrical Diagram





Fusor Operation





Pressure-Current-Voltage



● 2.94E-04 torr ● 3.15E-04 torr

Plasma at 10^{-3} torr





Plasma at 10^{-4} torr





X-ray Spectrum





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Dose Rate (mRem/hr) Distance (inches)

Radiation Dose Rate



Future Plans and Current Goals



- Enable remote operation
 - Remote system control and data collection
 - Utilize door interlock system
- Register fusor with NYS Department of Health
- Fusion experimentation

Resources



- [1] S. Pfalzner, *An Introduction to Inertial Confinement Fusion* (Taylor & Francis, New York, 2006), p. 2-3, 9-11, 14-15
- [2] N. D. Cook, *Models of the Atomic Nucleus* (Springer-Verlag, Berlin, 2006), p. 55-57
- [3] J. Lindi, Phys. Plasmas **2** 11 3933-4024 (1994)
- [4] G.H. Miley and S. K. Murali, *Inertial Electrostatic Confinement Fusion: Fundamentals and Applications* (Springer, New York, 2014), p. 3-4.
- [5] L. Spitzer, Princeton U. Obs. "Equations of Motion for an Ideal Plasma" (1952)
- [6] W.C. Elmore, J.L. Tuck, and K.M. Watson, Phys. of Fluids 2 3 239-246 (1959)
- [7] P.T. Farnsworth, '*Electric Discharge Device...*' (US Patent #3258402). (1966)
- [8] R.L. Hirsch et al, 'Apparatus for Generating Fusion Reactions' (US Patent #3530497). (1968)

X-ray Spectrum Calibration





X-ray Spectrum Calibration





Ba133SpecfromPX2T-CZTGain10.0-5

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